CSPE: An introduction to democracy, elections and voting

CSPE

An Introduction to democracy, elections and voting

It is not necessary to carry out all the activities contained in this unit.

Please see *Teachers' Notes* for explanations, additional activities, and tips and suggestions.

Theme	An introduction to democracy, elections and voting		
Levels	A1 – B1		
Language focus	Key vocabulary, word identification, sentence structure, extracting information from text, writing text, grammar.		
Learning focus	Using CSPE textbooks and accessing curriculum content and learning activities.		
Activity types	Matching, word identification, structuring sentences and text, cloze, multiple choice, reading comprehension, categorising vocabulary, recording learning, developing a learning resource.		
Acknowledgement	Extracts from Impact! Jeanne Barrett & Fiona Richardson. Gill & Macmillan.		
	We gratefully acknowledge Gill & Macmillan for the right to reproduce text in some of these activities.		
Learning Record	A copy of the Learning Record should be distributed to each student.		
	Students should:		
	1. Write the subject and topic on the record.		
	Tick off/date the different statements as they complete activities.		
	 Keep the record in their files along with the work produced for this unit. 		
	4. Use this material to support mainstream subject learning.		

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Making the best use of these units

- Introduction should ensure that students understand what they are doing and why. Many students will have some difficulty in understanding both the language in the activity and the instructions/purpose for carrying out the activity.
- You can create your **personal teaching resource** by printing these units in full and filing them by subject in a large ring binder.
- Encourage students to:
 - Bring the relevant subject textbooks to language support class. It does not matter if they have different textbooks as the activities in these units refer to vocabulary and other items that will be found in all subject textbooks. These units are based on curriculum materials.
 - Take some responsibility for their own learning programmes by:



Developing a **personal dictionary** for different subjects, topics, and other categories of language, on an on-going basis. This prompt is a reminder.



Recording what they have learnt on the *Learning Record,* which should be distributed at the start of each unit.



Keeping their own **files** with good examples of the work produced in language support for different subjects and topics. This file will be an invaluable **learning resource** in supporting mainstream learning.



Indicates that answers may be found at the end of the unit.

• Don't forget that many of the activities in these units are suitable as **homework** tasks, for **self-study**, or for use in the **subject classroom** with the agreement of the subject teacher.

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Keywords

The list of keywords for this unit is as follows:

Nouns

amendments ballot ballot paper bill/bills cabinet candidate/candidates candidacy chairperson choice clinics committee constituency constitution council councillor Dáil (Éireann) democracy department/departments election electors electoral system Fine Gael Fianna Fáil Garda station government health issues Labour legislation local authority meeting module **Oireachtas** Parliament

party/parties politician politics polling booth polling card polling station post office president **Progressive Democrats** purpose quota referendum register of electors Seanad (Éireann) secretary Senate Socialist Party spoiled vote tally (noun) Tánaiste Taoiseach TD/TDs Unionist view/views vote/votes voters voting station

Verbs

to attend to cast a vote to chair to count to decide to declare to elect to eliminate to enable to fill out a ballot to involve to listen to lobby to make a choice to make sure to march to register to share to sort to spoil a vote to tally to transfer to vote

Adjectives

civic communal concerned individual *(adjective)* local national nationalist personal political responsible social

Other key words in order to

totally

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Vocabulary file 1

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
amendments		
ballot		
candidate		
constituency		
council		
electorate		
legislation		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

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Vocabulary file 2

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
Local authority		
democracy		
politician		
politics		
cast a vote		
quota		
spoil a vote		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

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Vocabulary file 3

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
Taoiseach		
to count		
to decide		
to elect		
to lobby		
to vote		
in order to		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

Level: All Type of activity: Whole class Focus: vocabulary, spelling, dictionary Suggested time: 10 minutes

Activating students' existing knowledge

Use a spidergram to activate students' ideas and knowledge on the key points in this chapter. See **Teachers' Notes** for suggestions.

Possible key terms for the spidergram:

elections government

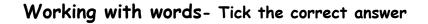
- Invite students to provide key words in their own languages.
- Encourage dictionary use.
- Encourage students to organise their vocabulary into relevant categories (e.g. meaning, nouns, keywords, verbs etc.).



Students should record vocabulary and terms from the spidergram in their personal dictionaries.

NAME:	DATE:
CSPE: An introduction to democracy,	elections and voting

Level: A1 Type of activity: Pairs or individual Focus: vocabulary, spelling, dictionary Suggested time: 30 minutes





a) information
b) voting booth
c) committee
d) logo
a) a book
b) a committee
c) planet
d) poster

Find these words in your textbook. Then put them in short sentences in your own words. Use a dictionary if necessary.

to vote	 		
candidate	 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
to elect	 		
quota	 		
purpose	 		
tally	 		



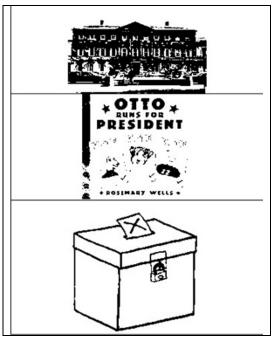
Check that these keywords are in your personal dictionary.

NAME:			DATE:	
CSPE: /	An introduction	to democracy,	elections	and voting

Level: A1 Type of activity: Pairs or individual Focus: vocabulary, basic sentence structure Suggested time: 30 minutes

Picture Sentences Tick the correct answer

- 1.
- a) This is cooking.
- b) This is the Dáil.
- c) This is a game.
- 2.
- a) This is a class.
- b) This is an election poster.
- c) This is a court.
- 3.
- a) This is a ballot box.
- b) This is a candidate.
- c) This is a train.



Finish these sentences using words from the box. Use each word once:	a is
This is	this
	votes
This	are candidate
	a these
Electors cast their	is council
These	politicians
is	voters an
¹³ [_]	election
are	

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Circle the word which	does not fit with	the other words	in each
1.		\sim	

line. <i>Exan</i>	nple: apple	orange banana	taxi	
1.	elect	democracy	candidate	cat
2.	polling station	vote	blue	count
3.	pencil	GP	clinics	health
4.	Dáil	book	Seanad	Taoiseach

Odd One Out

Write down all the words that you can use to describe democracy, elections and voting. Look at your textbook if you need help.

Write 4 sentences about elections and voting. You can write about an election in your school, or in Ireland or in your home country.

1	
2.	
3.	
4.	

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Level: A1 / A2 Type of activity: Pairs or individual

Focus: word identification, vocabulary Suggested time: 20 minutes

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Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: Individual Focus: key vocabulary, writing descriptive text Suggested time: 40 minutes

CSPE Keywords

Fill in the missing letters of the keywords listed below. On the line beside each word, write whether the word is a noun, an adjective or a verb.

1. p_li_ ics	
--------------	--

2. co__ti__tion _____

- 3. q_o_a
- 4. ca__id_ t_

Find these words in your textbook. Then put them in short sentences in your own words. Use a dictionary if necessary.

ballot	
candidate	
political party	
to cast a vote	
to elect	
polling station	



Check that these keywords are in your personal dictionary.

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	NAME		DATE	:		
	CSPE:	An introduction	to democracy, election	ions and	voting	
Level: A1 Type of a individual	-	Pairs or		vocabulary, n, spelling t ime: 20 minutes		
		U	Inscramble the I	etters		200
	1.	This is the first	citizen of the state.	EPSINR	DET	Look at each word as you write the
		Answ	er			answer.
	2.	People who can v	rote.	ETECEA	LRTO	Is your <u>spelling</u> correct?
		Answ	er			Can you <u>pronounce</u> the word?
	3.	This is the leade	er of the Irish govern	ment. Si	AOTIEHAC	Do you know what the word <u>means</u> ?
		Answ	er			me wor a <u>means</u> ?
	4.	These are chang	es to a new bill in gove		ITDMES	Have you got this word in your <u>personal</u> distioners?
		Answ	er			<u>dictionary?</u>



Solve the secret code

English=	С	F	Ι	L	Ν	0	Ρ	S	Т	U
Code=	В	X	У	F	G	Q	R	0	L	Ε

example: OLQR! = STOP!



RQFYLYBO =

_____ DATE:_____

CSPE: An introduction to democracy, elections and voting

Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: Pairs or individual

Focus: reading comprehension, extracting meaning from text, vocabulary **Suggested time:** 30 minutes

Completing sentences



Fill in the blanks in these sentences. Use words from the Word Box below.

In order to vote in an election a person must be 18 years of age and their name must be on the Register of Electors. A person can ______ at a local post office, Garda Station or local authority office. If a person is registered to vote, they will receive a ______ card in the post a few days before an election. The purpose of polling cards is to allow a person to be identified when they go to vote and to make sure that they only vote once. To try to ______ more than once is an offence. At the polling ______, which is usually a local primary school, a ballot paper is given to each person who arrives to vote. Care is needed when filling out a ______ paper because if it is not filled out properly it means the vote will not count, i.e. it will be a spoiled vote.

Word Box:

vote	station	ballo [.]	t
	polling	register	

Find these words in your textbook.

Write your own explanations for the words. Then write the word in your own language. Use your dictionary if necessary.

Word	Page in textbook	Explanation	In my language
government			
referendum			
politic <i>s</i>			
parliament			

Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: Individual

Multiple choice

Focus: key vocabulary, topic information, reading comprehension Suggested time: 30 minutes



(Read the text below and choose the best answers)

Text:

In our voting system, which is called proportional representation or PR for short, a person can vote for as many candidates as appear on the ballot paper. To do this the voter writes 1 beside their first choice, 2 beside their second choice, 3 beside their third choice and so on. Voting is done privately in a polling booth so that no one can see a person's choice. This is called a secret ballot.

The day after an election the votes are counted. The people who count the votes are called tellers. A candidate is elected when they reach a quota. A quota is the smallest number of votes needed to be elected. Under the PR system people have one vote, but that vote is transferred from the voter's first choice to their other choices if the first choice candidate is elected. One of the reasons we have this electoral system is so that a larger section of the people's views can be heard and represented. The sorting of votes happens at what is called the count. There are always more candidates than there are seats in the Dáil. Counting goes on until each candidate is either elected or eliminated. This may take several days. Political parties often have people present at the count known as tally persons, to keep an eye on how the voting is going. When a candidate reaches the quota it is the job of the returning officer, who supervises the count, to declare the candidate elected.

(Impact!, page 91-92)

- 1. How many candidates can you vote for under proportional representation?
 - a) one b) as many as you like
 - c) as many as appear on the ballot paper d) none

2. Where does a secret ballot happen?

- a) at the count b) in a polling booth
- c) in the Dáil d) in a café

3. What do tally persons do?

- a) dance at a disco b) sell tickets at the cinema
- c) work in the Dáil d) keep an eye on the count
- 4. Is it possible for a vote to be transferred under the PR system?a) Yesb) No
- 5. Can the returning officer declare the successful candidate elected?a) Yesb) No
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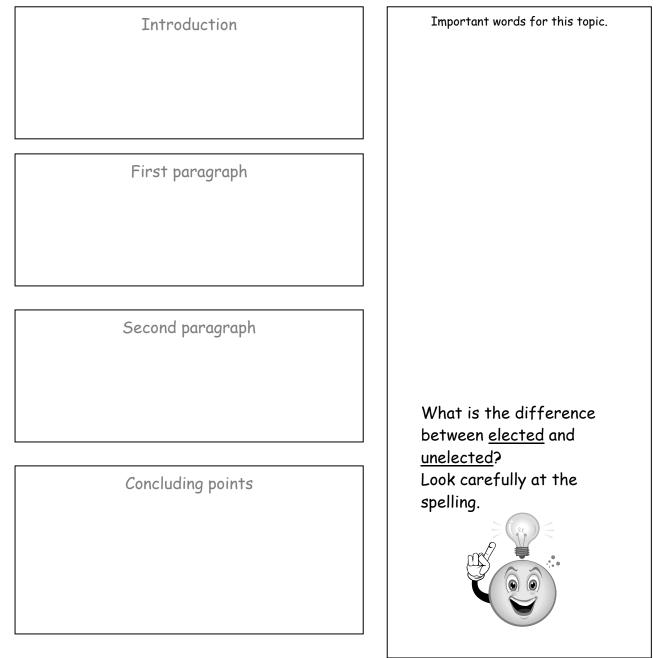
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Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: Pairs / small groups Focus: vocabulary, structure, creating text Suggested time: 40 minutes

Planning text

Use this chart to plan a short answer to the question, 'What does a government do?'.



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Use your plan and your textbook to answer the question:
'What does a government do?'
When your teacher has checked this, file it in your folder so you can use it in the
future.

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DATE:

CSPE: An introduction to democracy, elections and voting

Level: All Type of activity: Individual Focus: content words, dictionary work, word identification Suggested time: 30 minutes

Grammar points

In this Unit, we came across the following nouns:

- legislation
- Taoiseach
- candidate

Look up these words up in your dictionary. Find different ways of saying these three things.

Noun Hunt

Circle the 10 nouns in these columns. Score 4 points for each correct answer. Who will score the highest? Perhaps you will. Good luck!

fair	cabinet	*****
council		2 4 4 4 4
_	chanted	
voting	pressed	ADD
elect		Have you ticked this activity on your
constitution	secretary	Learning Record?
	attend	
eliminated	national	
Taoiseach		
councillors	department	
councilions	GP	
good		
	get	
register	1 ·	
democracy	chairperson	
Score:	points	

	-	-	-		-		
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IN	ч.			VI			-
	• /		Δ.	V I			

CSPE: An introduction to democracy, elections and voting

Level: All Type of activity: Individual

Focus: content words, dictionary work, word identification Suggested time: 30 minutes

Lexical Points

Find these vocabulary items in your textbook.

Then write a short sentence in your own words using each word.

ballot	
counting	
voter	
system	
between	
council	
committee	
president	

What does it mean when we say, 'keep an eye on'.?	List some different situations where you can find:
Can you use this expression in a sentence?	a president
	a committee
	a member
	an electiona council
ABU	a chairperson
Have you ticked this activity on your Learning Record?	

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NAME: ____

____ DATE:___

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Alphaboxes

Levels A1 and A2

Using your textbook, find <u>one</u> word beginning with each of the letters of the alphabet. Write the word in the relevant box. You could also write the word in your own language.

a	b	C	
d	e	f	
9	h	i	Do you understand all these words?
j	k	I	Get your teacher to
m	n	0	check this, then file it in your folder so you can
р	q	r	use it in the future.
S	†	u	
V	W	хуг	

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Word Search



Level: All levels

Find the words in the box below. When you have found all the words, write each word in your own language.

P L I C I C R G O V B A L L M E E C O S	B F G Z T D E C A D E C A F O E C A F O E O T M E O F O E O T M A F O B F O F O E O F F O E O F	A V P R T I T U A E N T O L I G S F C T E E A D A T G T I T G V Z P A R T I	A X U E S I N G P C Y F O D E S I D E N L D T I C J T I N C T U R S L T	
--	--	--	--	--

BALLOT	ELECTION	QUOTA
BILL	GOVERNMENT	SEANAD
CANDIDATE	ISSUES	VOTES
COMMITTEE	MEETINGS	VOTING
CONSTITUENCY	PARTIES	
CONSTITUTION	PARTY	
DAIL	POLITICAL	
DEMOCRACY	POLL	
ELECTED	PRESIDENT	

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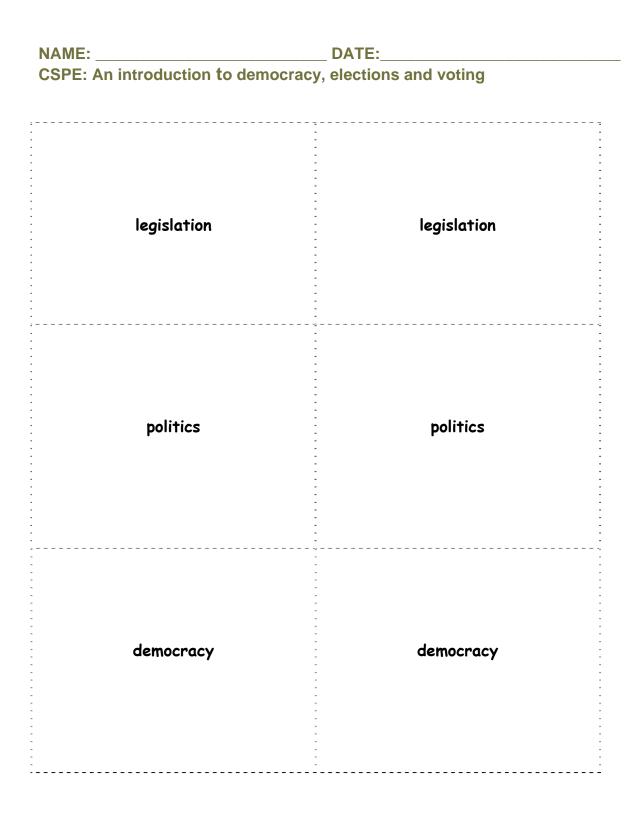
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Play Snap

Make Snap cards with 2 sets of the same keywords. See *Notes for teachers* for ideas about how to use the cards.

cabinet
ІоЬЬу
candidate



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Ьill	bill					
polling station	polling station					
register	register					

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electorate						
to vote						
councillor						

1000

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	Answer key
Odd One Out =	cat, blue, pencil, blue
Letter Scramble =	president, electorate, Taoiseach, amendments
Secret Code =	politics

Completing Text =

In order to vote in an election a person must be 18 years of age and their name must be on the Register of Electors. A person can register at a local post office, Garda Station or local authority office. If a person is registered to vote, they will receive a polling card in the post a few days before an election. The purpose of polling cards is to allow a person to be identified when they go to vote and to make sure that they only vote once. To try to vote more than once is an offence.

At the polling station, which is usually a local primary school, a ballot paper is given to each person who arrives to vote. Care is needed when filling out a ballot paper because if it is not filled out properly it means the vote will not count, i.e. it will be a spoiled vote.

(Impact!, page 98)

Multiple Choice = c, b, d, a, a

Grammar Points = council, constitution, Taoiseach, councillors, register *(can also be a verb)*, democracy, cabinet, secretary, department, GP, chairperson

_____DATE:___

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Word Search:

H

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								-											
								₿	Ŧ	F	F								
							Κ	Н	D	Q	А	Х							
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					G					Ŧ				D					
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	С	Т	e							U								Α	
D	-																		D
R										Ŧ									
B	A	F	F	θ	Ŧ	В	P	θ	F	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	e	A	F	Α	G	Ι	Т
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		e	θ	₩	₩	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ð	Ð	F	E	e	Ŧ	Ŧ	θ	Ν		
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